

STIC Search Report

STIC Database Tracking Number: 141535

TO: Fred Ehichoya Location: Jeff 3B31

Art Unit : 2162

Wednesday, January 05, 2005

Case Serial Number: 09/925397

From: David Holloway Location: EIC 2100

RND 4B19

Phone: 2-3528

david.holloway@uspto.gov

Search Notes

Dear Examiner Ehichova.

,									
/ -				_	_	^	_		

Attached please find your search results for above-referenced case. Please contact me if you have any questions or would like a re-focused search.

David



```
Set
         Items
                 Description
                 SEARCH? OR QUERY OR QUERIES OR MATCH? OR SEEK? OR LOCATE? -
 S1
       2145674
              OR LOCATING
                 S1(8N)(MULTIMEDIA? OR MULTI()MEDIA? OR MOVING()(PICTURE? OR
 S2
         17448
               IMAGE?) OR MPEG? OR MPG? OR WAV OR VIDEO? OR AUDIO? OR SOUND-
 S3
        464875
                 (LOW OR HIGH) () LEVEL? OR HIGHLEVEL? OR LOWLEVEL?
       3726709
                 TRANSLAT? OR TRANSFORM? OR REFORMAT? OR CONVERT? OR CONVER-
 S 4
              SION? OR COMPILE?
                 (MULTIPLE OR MULTIPLICITY OR PLURAL OR PLURALITY OR MANY OR
 S5
         51233
               SEVERAL OR DIFFERENT?) (3N) (DATABASE? OR ENGINE? OR SEARCHENG-
              INE? OR DB OR RDB OR DATA()(BANK? OR BASE?))
                 (LIBRAR? OR COLLECTION? OR GROUP? OR CLUSTER?) (3N) (MODULE?
 S6
              OR CONSTRAINT? OR CONSTRUCT? OR TEMPLATE? OR CONCEPT?)
                 (SAVE? OR CACHE? OR PRESERV? OR DATABASE? OR DATABANK? OR -
         20590
 S7
              DB OR DATA()(BASE? OR BANK?))(3N)(QUERY OR QUERIES OR SEARCH(-
              ) (STRING? OR STATEMENT? OR STEP OR STEPS))
                 S2 AND S3 AND S4
 S8
            61
                 S8 AND (S5 OR S6 OR S7)
 S9
             8
                 S2 AND S3 AND S4 AND S5
             0
 S10
                 S3 AND S4 AND S5 AND S6
            1
 S11
                 S3 AND S4 AND S5 AND S7
            18
 S12
                 S12 OR S11 OR S9
 $13
            27
                 RD (unique items)
           18
 S14
           74
                 S8 OR S14
 S15
            56
                 RD (unique items)
 S16
            35
                 S16 NOT PY>2001
 S17
 S18
            35
                 S17 NOT PD=20010809:20040809
                 S18 NOT PD=20040809:20050112
            35
 S19
       8:Ei Compendex(R) 1970-2005/Dec W4
 File
          (c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc.
      35:Dissertation Abs Online 1861-2004/Dec
 File
          (c) 2004 ProQuest Info&Learning
      65: Inside Conferences 1993-2005/Jan W1
 File
          (c) 2005 BLDSC all rts. reserv.
        2:INSPEC 1969-2004/Dec W2
 File
          (c) 2004 Institution of Electrical Engineers
      94:JICST-EPlus 1985-2004/Nov W4
 File
          (c) 2004 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST)
 File 111:TGG Natl.Newspaper Index(SM) 1979-2005/Jan 03
          (c) 2005 The Gale Group
        6:NTIS 1964-2004/Dec W4
 File
          (c) 2004 NTIS, Intl Cpyrght All Rights Res
File 144: Pascal 1973-2004/Dec W1
          (c) 2004 INIST/CNRS
 File 434:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1974-1989/Dec
          (c) 1998 Inst for Sci Info
      34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1990-2004/Dec W4
 File
          (c) 2004 Inst for Sci Info
      62:SPIN(R) 1975-2004/Oct W4
 File
          (c) 2004 American Institute of Physics
      99:Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs 1983-2004/Nov
 File
          (c) 2004 The HW Wilson Co.
      95:TEME-Technology & Management 1989-2004/Jun W1
          (c) 2004 FIZ TECHNIK
```

19/5/1 (Item 1 from file: 8)
DIALOG(R)File 8:Ei Compendex(R)
(c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv.

05992031 E.I. No: EIP02046834669

Title: Improving federated database queries using declarative rewrite rules for quantified subqueries

Author: Kemp, Graham J.L.; Gray, Peter M.D.; Sjostedt, Andreas R.

Corporate Source: Department of Computing Science University of Aberdeen King's College, Aberdeen, AB24 3UE, United Kingdom

Source: Journal of Intelligent Information Systems v 17 n 2-3 December 2001. p 281-299

Publication Year: 2001

CODEN: JIISEH ISSN: 0925-9902

Language: English

Document Type: JA; (Journal Article) Treatment: T; (Theoretical)

Journal Announcement: 0201W4

Abstract: Transforming queries for efficient execution is particularly important in federated database systems since a more efficient execution plan can require many fewer data requests to be sent to the component databases. Also, it is important to do as much as possible of the selection and processing close to where the data are stored, making best use of facilities provided by the federation's component database management systems. In this paper we address the problem of processing complex queries including quantifiers, which have to be executed against databases in an expanding heterogeneous federation. This is different done by transforming queries within a mediator for global query improvement, and within wrappers to make the best use of the query processing capabilities of external databases. Our approach is based on pattern matching and query rewriting. We introduce a high language for expressing rewrite rules declaratively, and demonstrate the use and flexibility of such rules in improving query performance for existentially quantified subqueries. Extensions to this language that allow generic rewrite rules to be expressed are also presented. The value of performing final transformations within a wrapper for a given remote database is shown in several examples that use AMOS II - an SQL3-like system. 32 Refs.

Descriptors: *Distributed database systems; Query languages; Pattern matching; High level languages; Data storage equipment; Information retrieval; Data structures

Identifiers: Federated database system; Functional data model; Query processing; Query rewriting; Rewrite rules

Classification Codes:

723.1.1 (Computer Programming Languages)

723.3 (Database Systems); 723.1 (Computer Programming); 723.5 (Computer Applications); 722.1 (Data Storage, Equipment & Techniques); 723.2 (Data Processing)

723 (Computer Software, Data Handling & Applications); 722 (Computer Hardware)

72 (COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING)

19/5/4 (Item 4 from file: 8)
DIALOG(R)File 8:Ei Compendex(R)
(c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv.

05944018 E.I. No: EIP01476740320

Title: IMKA: A multimedia organization system combining perceptual and semantic knowledge

Author: Benitez, A.B.; Chang, S.-F.; Smith, J.R.

Corporate Source: Dept. of Electrical Engineering Columbia University, New York, NY 10027, United States

Conference Title: -ACM Multimedia 2001 Workshops- 2001 Multimedia Conference

Conference Location: Ottawa, Ont., Canada Conference Date: 20010930-20011005

Sponsor: ACM Special Interest Groups

E.I. Conference No.: 58703

Source: Proceedings of the ACM International Multimedia Conference and Exhibition n IV 2001. p 630-631

Publication Year: 2001

Language: English
Document Type: CA; (Conference Article)

.e) Treatment: A; (Applications)

Journal Announcement: 0111W4

Abstract: In this demo, we present the IMKA system, which implements the innovative approach of integrating perceptual information such as level features and images, and symbolic information such as words to represent the knowledge associated with a large multimedia collection for multimedia organization and retrieval. The IMKA system utilizes the unique MediaNet framework, which greatly extends existing knowledge representation tools in the text domain (e.g., semantic networks and WordNet) and the multimedia domain (e.g., Multimedia Thesaurus) by combining perceptual and semantic concepts in the same network and by supporting perceptual and semantic relationships among concepts exemplified by different media. It also brings the level of multimedia retrieval closer to users' needs by low - level feature queries to high - level semantic translating queries and vice versa. We will demonstrate the process of constructing the MediaNet knowledge base and new ways of searching multimedia in the IMKA system by presenting the current implementation of the IMKA system that uses image collections from online sources. 4 Refs.

Descriptors: *Multimedi a systems; Semantics; Thesauri; Online searching; Knowledge representation

Identifiers: Multimedia organization system; Knowledge construction Classification Codes:

- 723.5 (Computer Applications); 903.2 (Information Dissemination); 723.4 (Artificial Intelligence)
- 723 (Computer Software, Data Handling & Applications); 903 (Information Science)
 - 72 (COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING); 90 (ENGINEERING, GENERAL)

19/5/7 (Item 7 from file: 8)
DIALOG(R)File 8:Ei Compendex(R)
(c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv.
05654717 E.I. No: EIP00095338217

Title: Integration of intelligent engines for a large scale medical image database

Author: Tang, Lilian H.Y.; Hanka, Rudolf; Ip, Horace H.S.; Cheung, Kent K.T.; Lam, Ringo

Corporate Source: Univ of Cambridge, Cambridge, Engl

Conference Title: CBMS 2000: 13th IEEE Sympoisum on Computer-Based Medical Systems

Conference Location: Houston, TX, USA Conference Date: 19000622-19000624

Sponsor: IEEE

E.I. Conference No.: 57265

Source: Proceedings of the IEEE Symposium on Computer-Based Medical Systems 2000. IEEE, Los Alamitos, CA, USA. p 235-240

Publication Year: 2000

CODEN: PSCSFM ISSN: 1063-7125

Language: English

Document Type: CA; (Conference Article) Treatment: A; (Applications); T; (Theoretical)

Journal Announcement: 0010W4

Abstract: In this paper we present a semantic content representation scheme and the associated techniques for supporting (a) query by image examples or by natural language in a histological image database and (b) automatic annotation generation for images through image semantic analysis. In this research, various types of query are analysed by either a semantic analyser or a natural language analyser to extract high level concepts and histological information, which are subsequently converted into an internal semantic content representation structure code-named 'Papillon'. Papillon serves not only as an intermediate representation scheme but also stores the semantic content of the image that will be used to match against the semantic index structure within the image database during query processing. During the image database population phase, all images that are going to be put into the database will go through the same processing so that every image would have its semantic content represented by a Papillon structure. Since the Papillon structure for an image contains high semantic information of the image, it forms the basis of the technique that automatically generates textual annotation for the input images. Papillon bridges the gap between different media in the database, allows complicated intelligent browsing to be carried out efficiently, and also provides a well-defined semantic content representation scheme for different content processing engines developed for content-based retrieval. (Author abstract) 4 Refs.

Descriptors: *Medical imaging; Search engines; Database systems; Large scale systems; Computational linguistics; Natural language processing systems; Data structures; Information retrieval

Identifiers: Intelligent engines; Medical image database; Content based retrieval; Histological image

Classification Codes:

461.1 (Biomedical Engineering); 723.4 (Artificial Intelligence); 723.3 (Database Systems); 721.1 (Computer Theory, Includes Formal Logic, Automata Theory, Switching Theory, Programming Theory); 723.2 (Data Processing); 723.5 (Computer Applications)

461 (Biotechnology); 723 (Computer Software); 721 (Computer Circuits & Logic Elements)

46 (BIOENGINEERING); 72 (COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING)

19/5/14 (Item 14 from file: 8)
DIALOG(R)File 8:Ei Compendex(R)

(c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv.

04515407 E.I. No: EIP96103350010

Title: Integration of a relational database with multimedia data

Author: Chung, Soon M.; Mah, Pyeong S.; Kim, Junguk L.

Corporate Source: Wright State Univ, Dayton, OH, USA

Conference Title: Proceedings of the 1996 IEEE 20th Annual International Computer Software & Applications Conference, COMPSAC'96

Conference Location: Seoul, S Korea Conference Date: 19960821-19960823 Sponsor: IEEE

E.I. Conference No.: 45361

Source: Proceedings - IEEE Computer Society's International Computer Software & Applications Conference 1996. IEEE, Los Alamitos, CA, USA, 96CB35986. p 290-297

Publication Year: 1996

CODEN: PSICD2 ISSN: 0730-6512

Language: English

Document Type: CA; (Conference Article) Treatment: A; (Applications); T

; (Theoretical)

Journal Announcement: 9611W4

Abstract: In this paper, we propose a method to integrate a preexisting conventional database system with a multimedia server in the multidatabase environment. In the multidatabase environment, changes in the preexisting database system are not allowed because such changes are too expensive. For the integration, high - level semantic description of multimedia data is modeled using the enhanced entity-relationship (EER) model to support content-based retrieval of multimedia data. The EER design is translated into a schema of the preexisting database system, and then the translated schema is integrated with the preexisting database schema. The content description can be used to locate pertinent multimedia data, and the identifiers are used to access the multimedia data stored in the multimedia server. However, with only a simple schema representation of the semantic description of multimedia data, high levels of recall and precision queries may not be obtained because conventional database systems provide only exact matching answers to the query. Thus, we extended the conventional query processing mechanism by providing a modified cooperative query answering mechanism. (Author abstract) 19 Refs.

Descriptors: *Relational database systems; Data structures; Query languages; Data description; Computational linguistics; Information retrieval

Identifiers: Multimedia data; Enhanced entity relationship; Content based retrieval; Semantic description; Cooperative query; Binary large object; Cooperative query answering mechanism; Information systems

Classification Codes:

723.1.1 (Computer Programming Languages)

723.3 (Database Systems); 723.2 (Data Processing); 723.1 (Computer Programming); 721.1 (Computer Theory, Includes Formal Logic, Automata Theory, Switching Theory, Programming Theory); 903.3 (Information Retrieval & Use)

19/5/15 (Item 15 from file: 8) DIALOG(R)File 8:Ei Compendex(R) (c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv.

E.I. No: EIP93020715014 03622365

Title: Semantic query processing in multidatabase systems: a logic-based approach

Author: Pan, Miin-Jeng; Chang, Shi-Kuo; Yang, Chien-Chiao Corporate Source: Natl Taiwan Inst of Technology, Taiwan

Conference Title: Proceedings of the Third Workshop on Future Trends of Distributed Computing Systems

Conference Date: 19910414 Conference Location: Taipei, Taiwan

Sponsor: IEEE

E.I. Conference No.: 17752

Source: Proceedings of the Third Workshop on Future Trends of Distributed Computing Systems Proc Third Workshop Future Trends Distrib Comput Syst 1992. Publ by IEEE, Computer Society, Los Alamitos, CA, USA. p 318-324

Publication Year: 1992 ISBN: 0-8186-2755-7 Language: English

Document Type: CA; (Conference Article) Treatment: T; (Theoretical)

Journal Announcement: 9306W3

Abstract: A multidatabase system (MDBS) is a system that integrates the operational data of several autonomous database systems and provide a uniform interface and control mechanisms to control access to those data. To efficiently retrieve and manipulate the data stored in MDBS, a metadata dictionary is needed as a repository of essential information for reasoning, controlling, and maintaining the retrieval/manipulation processes. In this paper we developed a two-level active metadata dictionary approach based on logic for building a metadata dictionary, query processing, and maintenance in MDBS. The low - level metadata dictionaries (LLMDs) keep metadata for each corresponding local database in MDBS, respectively. The high - level metadata dictionary (HLMD) integrates the metadata about all LLMDs. The evaluation strategy is a top-down approach, start with consideration of a query as a global goal to be achieved. Unify the query with rules successively to decompose the goal into subgoals which can be evaluated against extensional database. Then translate these subgoals into corresponding queries against underlying DBMSs, respectively. The database integration strategy includes two phases: schema translation and schema integration. It is a bottom-up approach integrating schema from the underlying database schemas. Update may cause inconsistencies in MDBS. We use incremental integrity constraint checking to preserve consistency. The semantic query optimization evaluation can be partitioned into two phases: compilation phase and evaluation phase. During the compilation phase residues are computed and associated with deductive rules through partial subsumption algorithm. In evaluation phase, redundant residues are eliminated and then translate it into query against underlying DBMS. (Author abstract) Refs.

Descriptors: *Distributed database systems; Algorithms

Identifiers: Query processing; Dictionaries; Semantic query processing; Multidatabase systems; Metadata dictionaries; Integrity constraint checking ; Query optimization

Classification Codes:

723.3 (Database Systems); 723.1 (Computer Programming)

723 (Computer Software)

72 (COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING)

19/5/16 (Item 16 from file: 8)
DIALOG(R)File 8:Ei Compendex(R)

(c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv.

00817372 E.I. Monthly No: EI7905031584 E.I. Yearly No: EI79016940

Title: CONVERSION OF HIGH - LEVEL SUBLANGUAGE QUERIES TO ACCOUNT FOR DATABASE CHANGES.

Author: Su, Stanley Y. W.; Reynolds, Michael J.

Corporate Source: Univ of Fla, Gainesville

Source: AFIPS Conference Proceedings v 47, Anaheim, Calif, Jun 5-8 1978. Publ by AFIPS, Montvale, NJ, 1978 p 857-875

Publication Year: 1978

CODEN: AFPGBT ISSN: 0095-6880

Language: ENGLISH

Journal Announcement: 7905

Abstract: The objectives of this investigation are as follows: (1) To study the effects of all the CONVERT operators, (2) to design the algorithms for collecting data from the input source to construct the data tables to form the translation dictionary, (3) to study the techniques for analyzing a limited yet general SEQUEL query pattern, and (4) to design a translation algorithm in detail (i. e. , to the level of algorithm description which is one step short of the actual coding) to support the analysis and translation of queries. A description is given of several types of database changes and illustration of the problems of sublanguage query conversion with examples which involve the use of CONVERT operators and SEQUEL's basic mappings. A translation process is then detailed and an example of query conversion is provided to clarify and illustrate the translation process step-by-step. 29 refs.

Descriptors: *COMPUTER PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES; DATA BASE SYSTEMS

Classification Codes:

723 (Computer Software)

72 (COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING)

19/5/19 (Item 3 from file: 35)
DIALOG(R)File 35:Dissertation Abs Online
(c) 2004 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

01665068 ORDER NO: AADMQ-30577

KNOWLEDGE DISCOVERY IN INTERNET DATABASES

Author: YU, XIAOBO

Degree: M.SC. Year: 1998

Corporate Source/Institution: THE UNIVERSITY OF REGINA (CANADA) (0148)

Adviser: H. HAMILTON

Source: VOLUME 37/01 of MASTERS ABSTRACTS.

PAGE 9. 106 PAGES

Descriptors: INFORMATION SCIENCE

Descriptor Codes: 0723 ISBN: 0-612-30577-5

A major objective in knowledge discovery in Internet database research is to support exploration and analysis of large amounts of data from several databases, each available via the Internet. This thesis describes an approach to achieving this objective based on a multidatabase. The multidatabase system provides a single front-end for several autonomous, heterogeneous database management systems.

A prototype software system, called KDID, has been developed to perform discovery tasks on Internet databases. A discovery task is decomposed into parameter for the task and a global database query. The global query is translated and decomposed into a set of local database queries, which are sent to Internet databases by database agents. KDID standardizes and accumulates the results of the local queries in a single database called the multidatabase. Knowledge discovery is then performed on the retrieved data by a discovery tool, DB-Discover, which performs high level, dynamic summarization and generalization of large amounts of data.

The approach is based on a global schema, which describes some related data. The correspondence between this global schema and the individual databases is maintained in a central registry. A registration subsystem is included in KDID to register Internet databases. The subsystem interacts with database administrators to obtain database schemas and integrate them with the global schema.

19/5/27 (Item 1 from file: 6)

DIALOG(R) File 6:NTIS

(c) 2004 NTIS, Intl Cpyrght All Rights Res. All rts. reserv.

2227484 NTIS Accession Number: PB2002-103674/XAB

Role of High - Level and Low - level Features in Semi-Automated Retrieval and Generation of Multimedia Presentations. Information Systems

Nack, F. M.; Windhouwer, M. A.; Pauwels, E. J.; Huijberts, M. W. J. H.; Hardman, H. L.

Centrum voor Wiskunde en Informatica, Amsterdam (Netherlands).

Corp. Source Codes: 093021000

Report No.: INS-R0108 c30 Jun 2001 CD-ROM Languages: English

Journal Announcement: USGRDR0210

This document is color dependent and/or in landscape layout. It is currently only available on CD-ROM and in paper copy.

Available on CD-ROM and in paper copy only. Order this product from NTIS by: phone at 1-800-553-NTIS (U.S. customers); (703)605-6000 (other countries); fax at (703)605-6900; and email at orders@ntis.gov. NTIS is located at 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA, 22161, USA.

NTIS Prices: AV A03

Country of Publication: Netherlands

In this article we argue that for the automatic generation of adaptive multimedia presentations we are in need of expandable, adaptable style descriptions which provide both high - level conceptual and low - level feature extraction information. Only the combination of both facilites the retrieval of adequate material and its user-centered presentation. We discuss the requirements for an adaptable Web-based environment for museums presenting visual artifacts. We then present the framework of our prototype multimedia generation environment which transforms a high - level user query into a concrete multimedia final-form encoding that is playable on an end-users' platform. We describe the underlying architecture and provide a working example.

Descriptors: *Multimedia retrieval; Architecture; Extraction information; Semantics

Identifiers: *Multimedia presentations; *Style descriptions; Presentation generation; Feature grammars; NTISTFNPO

Section Headings: 62GE (Computers, Control, and Information Theory--General)

Set	Items	Description
S1	1731977	SEARCH? OR QUERY OR QUERIES OR MATCH? OR SEEK? OR LOCATE? -
	OR	LOCATING
S2	15399	S1(8N)(MULTIMEDIA? OR MULTI()MEDIA? OR MOVING()(PICTURE? OR
	I	MAGE?) OR MPEG? OR MPG? OR WAV OR VIDEO? OR AUDIO? OR SOUND-
	?)	
s3	168455	(LOW OR HIGH)()LEVEL? OR HIGHLEVEL? OR LOWLEVEL?
S4	898202	TRANSLAT? OR TRANSFORM? OR REFORMAT? OR CONVERT? OR CONVER-
	SI	ON? OR COMPILE?
S5	29805	(MULTIPLE OR MULTIPLICITY OR PLURAL OR PLURALITY OR MANY OR
		EVERAL OR DIFFERENT?)(3N)(DATABASE? OR ENGINE? OR SEARCHENG-
	IN	E? OR DB OR RDB OR DATA()(BANK? OR BASE?))
S6	27444	(LIBRAR? OR COLLECTION? OR GROUP? OR CLUSTER?) (3N) (MODULE?
		CONSTRAINT? OR CONSTRUCT? OR TEMPLATE? OR CONCEPT?)
S7	8098	(SAVE? OR CACHE? OR PRESERV? OR DATABASE? OR DATABANK? OR -
		OR DATA()(BASE? OR BANK?))(3N)(QUERY OR QUERIES OR SEARCH(-
	, ,	STRING? OR STATEMENT? OR STEP OR STEPS))
S8	60	S2 (S) S3 (S) S4
S9	20	S8(S)(S6 OR S5 OR S7)
S10		S3(S)S4(S)S5(S)S6
S11	15	S10(S)S7
S12	31	S9 OR S11
S13	20	S12 AND IC=G06F?
S14	20	IDPAT (sorted in duplicate/non-duplicate order)
S15	20	IDPAT (primary/non-duplicate records only)
File		AN PATENTS 1978-2004/Dec W03
		04 European Patent Office
File		LLTEXT 1979-2002/UB=20041230, UT=20041223
	(c) 20	04 WIPO/Univentio

15/3,K/4 (Item 4 from file: 349) DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT (c) 2004 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv. **Image available** 01024634 SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR MULTIMEDIA AUTHORING AND PLAYBACK SYSTEME ET PROCEDE DE CREATION DE DIDACTICIELS MULTIMEDIA ET DE LECTURE Patent Applicant/Assignee: COOLERNET INC, 90 Quail Avenue, Berkeley, CA 94708, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US) Patent Applicant/Inventor: LAND Michael Z, 90 Quail Avenue, Berkeley, CA 94708, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality) MCCONNELL Peter N, 3373 Dwight Way, Berkeley, CA 94704, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US) MCMAHON Michael J, 51 Bothin Road, Fairfax, CA 94930, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US) Legal Representative: SCHWAAB Andrew B (agent), Dergosits & Noah LLP, Four Embarcadero Center, San Francisco, CA 94111, US, Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date): Patent: WO 200354687 A1 20030703 (WO 0354687) WO 2002US40623 20021218 (PCT/WO US0240623) Application: Priority Application: WO 2001US50458 20011219; US 200127430 20011219 Designated States: (Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004) AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW (EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE SI SK (OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG (AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW (EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM Publication Language: English Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 102575

Main International Patent Class: G06F-003/14

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... used in conjunction with HTML in Web applications and by proprietary scripting languages built into ${\tt many}$ high-end authoring systems (such as Macromedia Flash (V MX).

Scripting methods operate at their...Wide Web allows separate pieces of multimedia content located on different computers and authored by different people to be connected together by including within one piece of multimedia content a reference...may also be effective. With the soft oval effect enabled, once the picture or recorded video is accepted by the user, the media data of the newly created object (302, ...authors great flexibility for arranging object playback in time, providing significant advantages over the timeline- based authoring paradigm of many existing systems.

Fifth, for each function of the sentence paradigm which includes both a triggering...within the overall framework of network-based operations shown here in Figures 3 lA-B. Several features discussed throughout this specification may be used to such effect, and in some cases... various links among the database objects (indicated by the link lines 4604) result in the different databases being presented to the user as a single virtual hierarchy "rooted" at the container object...

(Item 14 from file: 349) DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT (c) 2004 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv. 00784131 A SYSTEM, METHOD AND ARTICLE OF MANUFACTURE FOR A MULTI-OBJECT FETCH COMPONENT IN AN INFORMATION SERVICES PATTERNS ENVIRONMENT SYSTEME, PROCEDE ET ARTICLE MANUFACTURE POUR COMPOSANT DE RECUPERATION UN ENVIRONNEMENT CARACTERISE PAR DES SERVICES MULTI-OBJET DANS D'INFORMATIONS Patent Applicant/Assignee: ACCENTURE LLP, 1661 Page Mill Road, Palo Alto, CA 94304, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality) Inventor(s): BOWMAN-AMUAH Michel K, 6426 Peak Vista Circle, Colorado Springs, CO 80918 Legal Representative: HICKMAN Paul L (agent), Oppenheimer Wolff & Donnelly LLP, Suite 3800, 2029 Century Park East, Los Angeles, CA 90067, US, Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date): WO 200116723 A2-A3 20010308 (WO 0116723) Patent: WO 2000US24083 20000831 (PCT/WO US0024083) Application: Priority Application: US 99386238 19990831 Designated States: (Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004) AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM EE ES FI GB GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZW (EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

(AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW

(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 150940

Main International Patent Class: G06F-009/44 International Patent Class: G06F-009/46

```
(Item 16 from file: 349)
 15/3,K/16
DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2004 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.
00784125
SYSTEM, METHOD, AND ARTICLE OF MANUFACTURE FOR PIECEMEAL RETRIEVAL IN AN
    INFORMATION SERVICES PATTERNS ENVIRONMENT
SYSTEME, PROCEDE ET ARTICLE DE FABRICATION DESTINES A LA RECHERCHE
                                                  MODELES
                                                             DE
    FRAGMENTAIRE
                  DANS UN ENVIRONNEMENT DE
                                                                   SERVICES
    D'INFORMATIONS
Patent Applicant/Assignee:
 ACCENTURE LLP, 1661 Page Mill Road, Palo Alto, CA 94304, US, US
    (Residence), US (Nationality)
Inventor(s):
  BOWMAN-AMUAH Michel K, 6426 Peak Vista Circle, Colorado Springs, CO 80918
    , US,
Legal Representative:
  HICKMAN Paul L (agent), Oppenheimer Wolff & Donnelly, LLP, 38th Floor,
    2029 Century Park East, Los Angeles, CA 90067-3024, US,
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
  Patent:

    WO 200116705 A2-A3 20010308 (WO 0116705)

  Application:
                       WO 2000US24085 20000831 (PCT/WO US0024085)
  Priority Application: US 99386433 19990831
Designated States:
(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications
prior to 2004)
  AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB GE GH GM
  HR HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX
  NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG UZ VN YU ZW
  (EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE
  (OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG
  (AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW
  (EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM
Publication Language: English
Filing Language: English
Fulltext Word Count: 150355
Main International Patent Class: G06F-009/44
Fulltext Availability:
  Detailed Description
Detailed Description
... server publicly announcing its interfaces; Figure 75 illustrates a
 method including the registering and then locating of a globally
  addressable interface;
  Figure 76 illustrates the present invention using a method...D virtual
  reality, video and other multimedia content. The tools use Internet
  standards, work on multiple platforms, and are being supported by over
  I 00 companies. The group's building blocks...
...architecture continues to grow and evolve. Engineering discoveries move
  the field forward. Certain design and engineering principles clearly
  show themselves to be successful in practice, and these then become
  repeatable components...buffer types: view to pass C structs, FML to pass
  anything, carrays to
                        video ), strings to pass strings
  pass binary ( sound ,
  FML allows dynamic messages to be sent/received
 Automatic error logging...information can be stored in the profile file
  for flexibility. In the future, if the database server name should
  change, this change only needs to be entered in the applications profile
```

231

. Scheduled Reports: The report architecture must support distribution of regularly scheduled reports. Typically, these...

...reports without the requirement of manual or user intervention

(subsequent to initial set up and conversion).

- ...these reports without the requirement of manual or user intervention (subsequent to set up and **conversion**).
 - 5. Online Preview: The report architecture should allow preview of reports online from a user...compression in the repository.
 - 6. Code Page Compatibility: Code page compatibility must be considered when translating characters to ASCH.

Workflow services control and coordinate the tasks that must be completed in...

...PC to mainframe

The ability to interface with the host-based hardware, system software, and database management systems is critical. This is essential because the workflow system is located between the...of Capability Release Design and into Capability Release Build and Test 3610, Business Components are transformed into Partitioned Business Components based on the realities of the technical environment. These constraints...the requirements.

It would be logical to conclude that the two types of Business Components translate to two types of Partitioned Business Components, but a small adjustment is required. Entity-centric Business Components translate directly to Business Entity Components, but a closer look at the ways in which a...

```
Description
Set
        Items
                SEARCH? OR QUERY OR QUERIES OR MATCH? OR SEEK? OR LOCATE? -
      1083454
Ş1
             OR LOCATING
                S1(8N) (MULTIMEDIA? OR MULTI() MEDIA? OR MOVING() (PICTURE? OR
S2
        11323
              IMAGE?) OR MPEG? OR MPG? OR WAV OR VIDEO? OR AUDIO? OR SOUND-
S3
        80547
                (LOW OR HIGH) () LEVEL? OR HIGHLEVEL? OR LOWLEVEL?
                TRANSLAT? OR TRANSFORM? OR REFORMAT? OR CONVERT? OR CONVER-
S4
      1384422
             SION? OR COMPILE?
S5
        13192
                (MULTIPLE OR MULTIPLICITY OR PLURAL OR PLURALITY OR MANY OR
              SEVERAL OR DIFFERENT?) (3N) (DATABASE? OR ENGINE? OR SEARCHENG-
             INE? OR DB OR RDB OR DATA()(BANK? OR BASE?))
               (LIBRAR? OR COLLECTION? OR GROUP? OR CLUSTER?) (3N) (MODULE?
S6
             OR CONSTRAINT? OR CONSTRUCT? OR TEMPLATE? OR CONCEPT?)
         1679
                (SAVE? OR CACHE? OR PRESERV? OR DATABASE? OR DATABANK? OR -
S7
             DB OR DATA()(BASE? OR BANK?))(3N)(QUERY OR QUERIES OR SEARCH(-
             ) (STRING? OR STATEMENT? OR STEP OR STEPS)) .
                S2 AND S3 AND S4
S8
           11
                S2 AND S4 AND S5
            2
S9
            0
                S2 AND S6 AND S7
S10
            3
                S2 AND S6
S11
S12
           47
                S2 AND S7
                S1 AND S6 AND S7
           46
S13
                S13 AND S5
           1
S14
          109
                S8:S14
S15
                S15 AND IC=G06F-007/00
S16
           12
                S15 AND IC=G06F?
S17
           55
                S17 NOT AD=20010809:20030809
           32
S18
                S18 NOT AD=20030809:20050109
           32
S19
S20
           32
                IDPAT (sorted in duplicate/non-duplicate order)
                IDPAT (primary/non-duplicate records only)
S21
           32
File 347: JAPIO Nov 1976-2004/Aug (Updated 041203)
         (c) 2004 JPO & JAPIO
File 350: Derwent WPIX 1963-2004/UD, UM & UP=200482
```

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent

21/5/1 (Item 1 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

016672128 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2004-830848/200482

XRPX Acc No: N04-656285

Collateral information provision method for video/ audio stream, involves generating database queries from events derived from information stream, and analyzing query results for insertion in stream

Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC)

Inventor: BROWN E W; CODEN A R

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
US 6816858 B1 20041109 US 2000193910 P 20000331 200482 B

US 2000218966 P 20000717 US 2000698894 A 20001027

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2000698894 A 20001027; US 2000193910 P 20000331; US 2000218966 P 20000717

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 6816858 B1 20 G06F-017/30 Provisional application US 2000193910 Provisional application US 2000218966

Abstract (Basic): US 6816858 B1

NOVELTY - The method involves searching a database to identify set of documents that correspond to identified topic of text extracted from information stream, and documents that correspond to words found in the text. The documents are scored based on preset criteria, and ranked based on scores. The **database queries** are generated from events derived from stream, and results are analyzed for insertion in stream.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

- (1) system for providing collateral information; and
- (2) computer readable medium storing program for providing collateral information.

 \mbox{USE} - For providing collateral information for video/audio stream such as news broadcast, live or recorded coverage of meeting or assembly.

 ${\tt ADV\bar{A}NTAGE}$ - Allows to add relevant collateral information to information stream.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the block diagram of the Watson automatic stream analysis for broadcast information (WASABI) system.

WASABI system (10)

pp; 20 DwgNo 1/11

Title Terms: INFORMATION; PROVISION; METHOD; VIDEO; AUDIO; STREAM; GENERATE; DATABASE; QUERY; EVENT; DERIVATIVE; INFORMATION; STREAM; QUERY; RESULT; INSERT; STREAM

Derwent Class: T01; W01; W02

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30

```
(Item 5 from file: 350)
21/5/5
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
015789217
            **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2003-851420/200379
Related WPI Acc No: 2003-832249
XRPX Acc No: N03-679944
 Database searching method involves arranging initial object attribute set
 received in response to initial query in sequence and merging additional
 attribute set received in response to subsequent query with initial
 ordered set
Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC )
Inventor: DE JUDICIBUS D
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001
Patent Family:
Patent No
                    Date
                             Applicat No
                                            Kind
                                                   Date
             Kind
             B1 20031118 US 2000696881
                                           Α
                                                 20001026 200379 B
US 6651054
Priority Applications (No Type Date): GB 9925741 A 19991030
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                        Main IPC
                                     Filing Notes
                   14 G06F-017/30
US 6651054
             B1
Abstract (Basic): US 6651054 B1
       NOVELTY - An initial set of objects having attributes satisfying an
    initial query submitted on a database is received, and ordered into
    a sequence for presenting to a user through an interface. A subsequent
   query providing different predicates than used in the initial query is
    submitted at a query point, and the corresponding additional object set
    is received to merge with the initial object set at the query point.
        DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the
        (1) database searching system; and
        (2) database searching program.
       USE - For interacting with a database containing multimedia data
    report to refine database
                                query .
       ADVANTAGE - Enables a user to locally move around a specific object
   in a multi attribute type database space, according to one or more
    selected conditions and provides fine tuned result obtained in a
       DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the block diagram of a
    database report interacting system.
       user input (38)
       natural language interface (40)
       result merger object (42)
       renderer (44)
       navigator (46)
       structured query language (SQL) generator (56)
       pp; 14 DwgNo 3/10
Title Terms: DATABASE; SEARCH; METHOD; ARRANGE; INITIAL; OBJECT; ATTRIBUTE;
  SET; RECEIVE; RESPOND; INITIAL; QUERY; SEQUENCE; MERGE; ADD; ATTRIBUTE;
  SET; RECEIVE; RESPOND; SUBSEQUENT; QUERY; INITIAL; ORDER; SET
Derwent Class: T01
International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30
File Segment: EPI
```

21/5/7 (Item 7 from file: 350) DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. 014704069 **Image available** WPI Acc No: 2002-524773/200256 XRPX Acc No: N02-415630 Multimedia information retrieval device searches multimedia information based on result of similarity evaluation of search string with multimedia information Patent Assignee: CANON KK (CANO) Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001 Patent Family: Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date JP 2002175329 A 20020621 JP 2000373242 A 20001207 200256 B Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 2000373242 A 20001207 Patent Details: Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes JP 2002175329 A 23 G06F-017/30 Abstract (Basic): JP 2002175329 A NOVELTY - A search unit searches the multimedia information in a database using a search string based on result of similarity evaluation of the search string with the multimedia information. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for the (1) Information retrieval method; and (2) Computer readable storage medium storing information retrieval program. USE - For retrieval of multimedia information. ADVANTAGE - The suitable multimedia information is retrieved according to the search requisition designed by the operator. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the flowchart illustrating the document search process. (Drawing includes non-English language text). pp; 23 DwgNo 9/15 Title Terms: INFORMATION; RETRIEVAL; DEVICE; SEARCH; INFORMATION; BASED; RESULT; SIMILAR; EVALUATE; SEARCH; STRING; INFORMATION Derwent Class: T01 International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30

21/5/8 (Item 8 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

014368397 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2002-189099/200225

XRPX Acc No: N02-143251

Query preparation and rendering for procuring information from multimedia databases involves searching information from database

through query that is based on descriptor of digitized data

Patent Assignee: RUGE I (RUGE-I)

Inventor: HERRMANN S; RUGE I; STECHELE W

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 002

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
DE 10011297 A1 20010927 DE 1011297 A 20000308 200225 B
DE 10011297 C2 20020307 DE 1011297 A 20000308 200225

Priority Applications (No Type Date): DE 1011297 A 20000308

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

DE 10011297 A1 10 G06F-017/30

DE 10011297 C2 G06F-017/30

Abstract (Basic): DE 10011297 A1

NOVELTY - Either or both video and audio data are digitized and their characteristics extracted using a suitable analysis algorithm to obtain at least one descriptor which is sent to a database. The database is searched for information through an query based on the descriptor.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for an electronic storage medium containing program code for performing the method.

USE - For procuring multimedia information from databases e.g. tourist information, holiday photos, medical expert systems, and person identification for crime investigation.

ADVANTAGE - Enables preparation of query in comfortable and efficient manner for use by formulating textual description for user and directly sends textual description to database, eliminating need for user to identify for himself object features and properties and enabling more complex properties and features of object to be characterized.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure is the flowchart of the inquiry preparation and rendering method. (Drawing includes non-English language text).

pp; 10 DwgNo 1/1

Title Terms: QUERY; PREPARATION; RENDER; INFORMATION; SEARCH; INFORMATION; DATABASE; THROUGH; QUERY; BASED; DESCRIBE; DATA

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30

21/5/10 (Item 10 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

014309285 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2002-129988/200217

XRPX Acc No: N02-098041

Data search and retrieval method for flexible image database system, involves pruning each triangle related to selected distance measure, between each key object and query object

Patent Assignee: BERMAN A P (BERM-I)

Inventor: BERMAN A P

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
US 20020002550 A1 20020103 US 2000181607 P 20000210 200217 B
US 2001779019 A 20010207

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2000181607 P 20000210; US 2001779019 A 20010207

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 20020002550 A1 26 G06F-007/00 Provisional application US 2000181607

Abstract (Basic): US 20020002550 A1

NOVELTY - A relational vector that represents a distance measure between each key object and selected query object, is determined by an user. Each triangle related to the selected distance measure, is pruned so that the data object which do not match the query object within a defined limit, are removed. The data objects that are not removed, are compared with query data object within defined limit.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following

- (a) Article of manufacture for use with computer, to identify data objects that match with query data object;
 - (b) Image data search and retrieval system;
- (c) Method for reducing number of direct comparisons required to identify matching data object

USE - For **search** and retrieval of data objects such as image, **sound**, video, multimedia, text, spread-sheets etc in flexible image database system.

ADVANTAGE - Increases efficiency in large database environments and reduces number of direct comparisons required to identify data objects that match a query object. Exhibits speed, flexibility and accuracy in implementing a query of database and also improves computational efficiency.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a graphical illustration of two levels of a triangle.

pp; 26 DwgNo 1/11

Title Terms: DATA; SEARCH; RETRIEVAL; METHOD; FLEXIBLE; IMAGE; DATABASE; SYSTEM; PRUNE; TRIANGLE; RELATED; SELECT; DISTANCE; MEASURE; KEY; OBJECT; QUERY; OBJECT

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-007/00

21/5/12 (Item 12 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

014111293 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2001-595505/200167
Related WPI Acc No: 1999-610501

XRPX Acc No: N01-443792

Database information categorization using intelligent query engine, involves displaying information clustered around central concepts in vector spaces

Patent Assignee: WEBMD CORP (WEBM-N)

Inventor: BURKE S M; HAZLEHURST B L; NYBAKKEN K E
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
US 6289353 B1 20010911 US 97936354 A 19970924 200167 B
US 99329657 A 19990610

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 97936354 A 19970924; US 99329657 A 19990610

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 6289353 B1 41 G06F-017/00 Cont of application US 97936354 Cont of patent US 5974412

Abstract (Basic): US 6289353 B1

NOVELTY - Information is converted into different vector spaces and central concepts are identified in the vector spaces. Information clustered around the identified concepts are displayed to a user through a graphical user interface.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

- (a) Information retrieval and categorization system;
- (b) Search engine for identifying information responsive to user queries;
- (c) Method for categorizing user in an information retrieval system USE - For categorizing information in database through intelligent query engine, for use by medical and other domain experts.

ADVANTAGE - Automatically indexes large quantities of documents and facilitates implementation of a highly distributed system of asynchronously communicating liaisons and collators.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the flowchart of processing ${f queries}$ by a collator.

pp; 41 DwgNo 15B/25

Title Terms: DATABASE; INFORMATION; INTELLIGENCE; QUERY; ENGINE; DISPLAY; INFORMATION; CLUSTER; CENTRAL; CONCEPT; VECTOR; SPACE

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/00

21/5/14 (Item 14 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

013997839

WPI Acc No: 2001-482054/200152

XRPX Acc No: N01-356762

Query theme identification in database library, involves determining composite theme scores of data records which are compared with threshold, to select query theme associated with search query

Patent Assignee: BIGCHALK.COM INC (BIGC-N)

Inventor: SCHULTZ J M

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week US 6208988 B1 20010327 US 9888188 A 19980601 200152 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 9888188 A 19980601

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 6208988 B1 20 G06F-017/21

Abstract (Basic): US 6208988 B1

NOVELTY - An archive has document record with metadata field to store numerical score representing correlation degree between stored document and document theme. Composite theme score is estimated for each document theme in document records in result list. Composite theme scores are compared with threshold to identify major theme score and the associated document theme is selected as query theme.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - Each of the document records are associated with stored document. The numerical score represents a degree of correlation between stored document and a document theme. The document theme corresponds to subject, person or place associated with stored document. A result list formed of one's of the document record, is retrieved in response to search query. The document records in the result list is associated with search query.

USE - For identifying documents and themes such as person, place, subject, corresponding to search topic or **query**. For identifying and retrieving text and **multimedia** files related to **search** topic from database library.

ADVANTAGE - Provides a document searching system which not only returns a list of relevant information to the user based on query search, but also returns the information to user in such a form that the user can readily identify which information returned from search is most relevant to query topic.

pp; 20 DwgNo 0/6

Title Terms: QUERY; THEME; IDENTIFY; DATABASE; LIBRARY; DETERMINE; COMPOSITE; THEME; SCORE; DATA; RECORD; COMPARE; THRESHOLD; SELECT; QUERY; THEME; ASSOCIATE; SEARCH; QUERY

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/21

21/5/16 (Item 16 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

013912793 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2001-397006/200142

XRPX Acc No: N01-292512

Audio data feature description method involves representing audio features hierarchically by setting audio program

Patent Assignee: DAINI DENDEN KK (DAIN-N); KATO H (KATO-I); NAKAJIMA Y (NAKA-I); SUGANO M (SUGA-I); YANAGIHARA H (YANA-I); YONEYAMA A (YONE-I)

Inventor: KATO H; NAKAJIMA Y; SUGANO M; YANAGIHARA H; YONEYAMA A

Number of Countries: 002 Number of Patents: 003

Patent Family:

Week ' Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date US 20010003813 A1 20010614 US 2000730607 A 20001207 200142 B JP 2001167557 A 20010622 JP 99349147 Α 19991208 200151 JP 2001167109 A 20010622 JP 99349148 Α 19991208 200151

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 99349148 A 19991208; JP 99349147 A 19991208

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 20010003813 A1 24 G10L-019/00 JP 2001167557 A 10 G11B-027/00 JP 2001167109 A 13 G06F-017/30

Abstract (Basic): US 20010003813 A1

NOVELTY - The audio features are hierarchically represented by setting the audio program (a) and are described in sequence from highest hierarchy to the lowest hierarchy. The entire audio data constructs one audio program which includes the audio features such as audio scene or audio shot.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for compressed or uncompressed audio video data feature description collection construction method.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{USE}}$ - For describing the features of compressed and uncompressed audio data.

ADVANTAGE - The audio data in the audio program is efficiently searched with high speed based on the hierarchical order of audio features of audio program. The audio video features are collected efficiently for multiple audio video programs according to the specific feature describing the feature description collection.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the block diagram of compressed and uncompressed audio data features description.

Audio program (a)

pp; 24 DwgNo 1/22

Title Terms: AUDIO; DATA; FEATURE; DESCRIBE; METHOD; REPRESENT; AUDIO; FEATURE; HIERARCHY; SET; AUDIO; PROGRAM

Derwent Class: P86; T01; W04

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30; G10L-019/00; G11B-027/00

International Patent Class (Additional): G10L-013/00; G10L-021/06;

G11B-020/12; G11B-027/10 File Segment: EPI; EngPI 21/5/22 (Item 22 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

012470471 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 1999-276579/199923

XRPX Acc No: N99-207323

Computer program product for retrieving multimedia objects such as still image, audio, video graphics etc using natural language such as English stores program based on which agent role, action role and patient role are assigned corresponding to recognised syntactic and semantic structure of received query, to permit search of database

Patent Assignee: EASTMAN KODAK CO (EAST)

Inventor: BHANDARI A; JANISZEWSKI M E; MEHROTRA R
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week US 5895464 A 19990420 US 97848207 A 19970430 199923 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 97848207 A 19970430

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 5895464 A 12 G06F-017/30

Abstract (Basic): US 5895464 A

NOVELTY - Based on recognition of syntactic and semantic structure of received query, agent role that indicates an actor role who is performing action, an action role that identifies activity and patient role that identifies object affected by the action are assigned for permitting searching of multimedia object database to generate query response. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - In computer readable storage medium, program for retrieving multimedia objects is stored. Based on the stored program query in natural language for searching database is received and syntactic and semantic structure of query is recognized. Magnetic storage medium such as floppy disc or magnetic tape, or optical storage medium such as optical disc, optical tape or RAM or ROM, is used as storage medium. An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for describing retrieval method of multimedia object using natural language.

USE - For retrieving multimedia objects such as still image, audio, video graphics, computer generated graphics, drawings and associated description using natural language such as English. The computer program product uses text input for speech input or input from communication or multimedia capture storage devices such as still camera, video camera and video phone.

ADVANTAGE - Provides archival and retrieval system free of grammar restrictions so that syntactic and semantic formalities in search query are recognized and utilized by simple technique. Offers efficient and user-friendly system for input of information into database by requiring minimal interaction from user. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure depicts flow chart of software program for input of data using natural language.

Dwg.4/6

Title Terms: COMPUTER; PROGRAM; PRODUCT; RETRIEVAL; OBJECT; STILL; IMAGE; AUDIO; VIDEO; GRAPHIC; NATURAL; LANGUAGE; ENGLISH; STORAGE; PROGRAM; BASED; AGENT; ROLE; ACTION; ROLE; PATIENT; ROLE; ASSIGN; CORRESPOND; RECOGNISE; SYNTACTIC; STRUCTURE; RECEIVE; QUERY; PERMIT; SEARCH; DATABASE

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30

21/5/23 (Item 23 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

012448060 **Image available** WPI Acc No: 1999-254168/199921

XRPX Acc No: N99-189251

Method for constructing database query from intuitive browser driven user interface

Patent Assignee: SILICON GRAPHICS INC (SILI-N) Inventor: MALLEY C V; POON A D; WEBER K A

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
US 5893110 A 19990406 US 96698649 A 19960816 199921 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 96698649 A 19960816

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 5893110 A 11 G06F-017/30

Abstract (Basic): US 5893110 A

NOVELTY - A database query is generated automatically based on the available data components associated with the contents of particular point of interest. The user has the option to constrain the database search by selecting one or more attributes from the available list and further by adding keywords to keyword entry field.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A list of available multimedia work is presented to the user for enabling the user to select a multimedia work from the available list. The selected multimedia work is made to run with the associated buttons provided. The selected multimedia work is stopped at a particular point of interest upon the input from user. A database query is generated automatically associated with the point of interest. The list of attributes are displayed by using icons wherein icons representing available data elements are highlighted and icons representing unavailable data elements are un-highlighted. The list of data elements are presented to the user in real time while selected multimedia work is running.

USE - For constructing **database query** from intuitive browser driven user interface for **multimedia** works comprising interactive movies, video games and other entertainment and educational type of content that run on personal computer system, dedicated game consoles and kiosk machines.

ADVANTAGE - Allows user to constrain database search by providing a list of attributes of data associated with the point of interest before the search is performed.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the flow chart explaining the method for constructing database query from an intuitive browser driven user interface.

pp; 11 DwgNo 3/4

Title Terms: METHOD; CONSTRUCTION; DATABASE; QUERY; DRIVE; USER; INTERFACE

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30

21/5/26 (Item 26 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

011644977 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 1998-061885/199806

XRPX Acc No: N98-048689

Index of video data base and query method and system - includes processor to build video clip index, transfer video query into string and carry out video inquiry

Patent Assignee: IND TECHNOLOGY RES INST (INTE-N) Inventor: CHEN L; LIOU J; NI J; YANG S; YUH J Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
TW 316962 A 19971001 TW 96104458 A 19960412 199806 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): TW 96104458 A 19960412

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

TW 316962 A 62 G06F-015/40

Abstract (Basic): TW 316962 A

An index of video data base and query method which can find video frame matched with query condition from video data base involves initially verifying one or several icons of every frame in clip, and then deciding horizontal, vertical and time coordinates of one or several defined icon. An index is then built for each defined symbol of icon on the above coordinate.

A video query command is received from the user, and this command must point the related relation among horizontal, vertical and time coordinates of the icon appearing in inquired the video frame. A 3-D string of icons is indicated according to the video command, with this 3-D string indicating the distance between every symbol of every icon on the horizontal, vertical and temporal coordinate; followed by comparing the characteristic of query command and video clip stored in video data base to find all video clips characteristic, which includes video clip of query command signature. A video clip is then found according to the comparison of the query command and the stored video clip, with building of the 1-D list of horizontal, vertical and temporal direction, this 1-D list including several symbols, which must be included in the query command signature, and each symbol in 1-D list must match the query condition in related direction. An intersection is taken from the 1-D list in the horizontal, vertical and temporal direction, and if the intersection is non-zero, then this video clip satisfies the inquiry condition.

Dwg.1/18

Title Terms: INDEX; VIDEO; DATA; BASE; QUERY; METHOD; SYSTEM; PROCESSOR; BUILD; VIDEO; CLIP; INDEX; TRANSFER; VIDEO; QUERY; STRING; CARRY; VIDEO; ENQUIRY

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-015/40

21/5/29 (Item 29 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

009467368 **Image available** WPI Acc No: 1993~160907/199320

XRPX Acc No: N93-123487

Information storage and access system using query language statements - translates compositional descriptions into database queries to enable information matching of compositional descriptions

Patent Assignee: AMERICAN TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH CO (AMTT); AT & T CORP (AMTT)

Inventor: BORGIDA A T; BRACHMAN R J

Number of Countries: 006 Number of Patents: 004

Patent Family:

Date Applicat No Patent No Kind Kind Date Week EP 542430 A2 19930519 EP 92309447 A 19921016 199320 B 19930424 CA 2079285 19920928 199327 Α CA 2079285 Α A3 19930825 EP 92309447 Α 19921016 199508 EP 542430 19950523 US 91781464 Α Α 19911023 199526 US 5418943

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 91781464 A 19911023

Cited Patents: No-SR. Pub; 3. Jnl. Ref

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

EP 542430 A2 E 16 G06F-015/403

Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB IT

US 5418943 A 15 G06F-015/40 CA 2079285 A G06F-015/403 EP 542430 A3 G06F-015/403

Abstract (Basic): EP 542430 A

The storage and access system employs compositional descriptions (103) which describe information in terms of concepts. A translation component (117) translates compositional descriptions into **data base queries** so that information **matching** a compositional description may be retrieved from the data base.

The translation component further permits display of the retrieved data in terms of the compositional descriptions. The returned information can be automatically integrated into a knowledge base (107), either item by item or on the basis of the compositional description which was used to return the information.

USE/ADVANTAGE - Database management systems. Provides improved access to stored information.

Dwg.1/10

Title Terms: INFORMATION; STORAGE; ACCESS; SYSTEM; QUERY; LANGUAGE; STATEMENT; TRANSLATION; COMPOSITION; DESCRIBE; DATABASE; QUERY; ENABLE; INFORMATION; MATCH; COMPOSITION; DESCRIBE

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-015/403

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-015/40

```
Items
                Description
Set
                AU=(CHANG Y? OR CHANG, Y?)
Sl
         2753
         3301
                AU=(LI C? OR LI, C?)
S2
                AU=(NATSEV A? OR NATSEV, A?)
           8
S3
                AU=(SMITH J? OR SMITH, J?)
         5001
S4
                S1 AND S2 AND S3 AND S4
S5
           1
                (S1 OR S2 OR S3 OR S4) AND IC=G06F-007/00
S6
           40
                S6 AND (LEVEL? OR MULTIMEDIA? OR MULTI() MEDIA? OR VIDEO? OR
S7
             AUDIO? OR SOUND? OR MOVING() PICTURE?)
                IDPAT (sorted in duplicate/non-duplicate order)
S8
           12
           12
                S5 OR S8
S9
File 344: Chinese Patents Abs Aug 1985-2004/May
         (c) 2004 European Patent Office
File 347: JAPIO Nov 1976-2004/Aug (Updated 041203)
         (c) 2004 JPO & JAPIO
File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS 1978-2004/Dec W03
         (c) 2004 European Patent Office
File 349:PCT FULLTEXT 1979-2002/UB=20041230,UT=20041223
         (c) 2004 WIPO/Univentio
File 350:Derwent WPIX 1963-2004/UD, UM &UP=200482
```

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent

```
(Item 2 from file: 349)
 9/5/2
DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2004 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.
            **Image available**
IMAGE DESCRIPTION SYSTEM AND METHOD
SYSTEME ET PROCEDE DE DESCRIPTION D'IMAGES
Patent Applicant/Assignee:
  THE TRUSTEES OF COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
 AT & T,
  IBM,
  EASTMAN KODAK,
  PAEK Seungyup,
  BENITEZ Ana,
 CHANG Shih-Fu,
 LI Chung-Sheng,
  SMITH John R,
  BERGMAN Lawrence D,
  PURI Atul,
  HUANG Qian,
  JUDICE Charlie,
Inventor(s):
  PAEK Seungyup,
  BENITEZ Ana,
  CHANG Shih-Fu,
  LI Chung-Sheng ,
  SMITH John R ,
  BERGMAN Lawrence D,
  PURI Atul,
  HUANG Qian,
  JUDICE Charlie
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
                        WO 200028467 A1 20000518 (WO 0028467)
                        WO 99US26127 19991105
                                               (PCT/WO US9926127)
  Application:
  Priority Application: US 98107463 19981106; US 99118020 19990201; US
    99118027 19990201
Designated States:
(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications
prior to 2004)
  AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM EE ES FI GB
  GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA
  MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA
  UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW GH GM KE LS MW SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW AM AZ BY KG KZ MD
  RU TJ TM AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE BF BJ CF
  CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG
Main International Patent Class: G06K-009/00
International Patent Class: G06K-009/34; G06K-009/46; G06K-009/56;
  G06K-009/36; G06K-009/60; G06F-003/00; G09C-005/00; H04N-007/12;
  G06F-007/00 ; G06F-015/00
Publication Language: English
Fulltext Availability:
  Detailed Description
  Claims
Fulltext Word Count: 15002
English Abstract
   Systems and methods for describing image content establish image
  (26) and entity relation graphs (28). For image content, image objects
  image objects are further defined by a number of features of different
```

Systems and methods for describing image content establish image description records which include an object set (24), an object hierarchy (26) and entity relation graphs (28). For image content, image objects can include global objects (00 8) and local objects (01 2 and 02 6). The image objects are further defined by a number of features of different classes (36, 38 and 40), which in turn are further defined by a number of feature descriptors. The relationships between and among the objects in the object set are defined by the object hierarchy (26) and entity relation graphs (28). The image description records provide a standard vehicle for describing the content and context of image information for subsequent access and processing by computer applications such as search engines, filters, and archive systems.

French Abstract

Selon cette invention, des systemes et des procedes de description du contenu d'une image etablissent des rapports de description d'images qui comprennent un ensemble d'objets (24), une hierarchie d'objets (26) et des graphes entite-relation (28). En ce qui concerne le contenu d'une image, les objets image peuvent comprendre des objets globaux (008) et des objets locaux (01 2 et 0 2 6). Les objets image sont en outre definis par un certain nombre de parametres de classes differentes (36, 38 et 40), lesdits parametres etant definis a leur tour par un certain nombre de descripteurs de parametres. Les relations entre les objets faisant partie d'un ensemble d'objets sont definies par la hierarchie (26) des objets et les graphes entite-relation (28). Les rapports de description d'images constituent un vehicule standard servant a la description du contenu et du contexte des informations image a des fins d'acces et de traitement ulterieur par des applications informatiques telles que les moteurs de recherche, les filtres et les systemes d'archivage.

9/5/3 (Item 1 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

016672184 **Image available** WPI Acc No: 2004-830904/200482

XRPX Acc No: N04-656340

Precedence template descriptor generation method for classifying and querying image/ video content, involves ordering content symbols based on their relationships to each other in content and evaluating ordering of content symbols

Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC)

Inventor: LI C ; SMITH J R

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Week Applicat No Kind Date Patent No Kind Date 19990129 US 99117906 Ρ 200482 B US 6819797 B1 20041116 US 2000493879 20000128 Α

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 99117906 P 19990129; US 2000493879 A 20000128

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes
US 6819797 B1 11 G06K-009/00 Provisional application US 99117906
Abstract (Basic): US 6819797 B1

NOVELTY - The content symbols are assigned to each media content component. The content symbols are ordered based on their relationships to each other in the media content. The media content are classified based on the comparison of the content relationship values that are assigned based on determined frequency, while evaluating the ordering of content symbols.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

- (1) system for providing descriptors for media content;
- (2) program storage device for storing descriptor generation program; and
 - (3) descriptor.

USE - For generating precedence template (PT) descriptor (claimed) used in content-based query system for classifying or annotating and querying image/ video content.

ADVANTAGE - Allows fast matching of images in graphical querying. The PT descriptors provides a robust way to compare the spatial arrangement of image regions/objects and to measure similarity in the presence of insertions, deletions, substitutions, replications and reallocations of events, actions, regions or object by capturing the spatial and temporal relationships.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the explanatory view of the generation of the PT descriptor matrix.

pp; 11 DwgNo 4/5

Title Terms: PRECEDE; TEMPLATE; DESCRIBE; GENERATE; METHOD; CLASSIFY; IMAGE; VIDEO; CONTENT; ORDER; CONTENT; SYMBOL; BASED; RELATED; CONTENT; EVALUATE; ORDER; CONTENT; SYMBOL

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06K-009/00

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-007/00; G06F-017/30;

G06K-009/34; G06K-009/54; G06K-009/60

9/5/5 (Item 3 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

016320784 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2004-478679/200445

XRPX Acc No: N04-377375

Multimedia -content representation method involves identifying semantic based on generic cues identified from extracted features of content, based on which model for multimedia -content is generated

Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC)

Inventor: ADAMS H W; IYENGAR G; LIN C; NAPHADE M R; NETI C V; NOCK H J;
SMITH J R ; TSENG B L

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
US 20040111432 A1 20040610 US 2002315334 A 20021210 200445 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2002315334 A 20021210

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 20040111432 A1 12 G06F-017/00

Abstract (Basic): US 20040111432 A1

NOVELTY - The features of the **multimedia** content containing **audio**, visual and textual modalities are extracted, based on which one or more generic cues are identified. A semantic is identified based on a combination of the generic cues, and a model for the **multimedia** content is generated based on the identified semantic.

<code>DETAILED DESCRIPTION</code> - <code>INDEPENDENT CLAIMS</code> are also included for the following:

- (1) computer program product in computer readable medium for representing multimedia content;
 - (2) multimedia -content representing apparatus;
 - (3) multimedia -content searching method; and
- (4) computer program product in computer readable medium for searching **multimedia** -content.

 \mbox{USE} - For representing $\mbox{\bf multimedia}$ -content containing $\mbox{\bf audio}$, visual and textual cues.

ADVANTAGE - Enables to automatically analyze $\mbox{multimedia}$ -content and represent in terms of high \mbox{level} semantics.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a flowchart explaining the operation of generating semantic representation of ${\tt multimedia}$ content.

pp; 12 DwgNo 4/7

Title Terms: CONTENT; REPRESENT; METHOD; IDENTIFY; BASED; CUE; IDENTIFY; EXTRACT; FEATURE; CONTENT; BASED; MODEL; CONTENT; GENERATE

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/00

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-007/00

9/5/7 (Item 5 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

015492422 **Image available** WPI Acc No: 2003-554569/200352

XRPX Acc No: N03-440366

Multimedia content source description method for TV news application, involves generating info pyramid representation of each modality and annotations for each multimedia object, repeatedly until every terminal node is processed

Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC)

Inventor: BERGMAN L D; KIM M Y Y; LI C; MOHAN R; SMITH J R

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week US 6564263 B1 20030513 US 98110902 P 19981204 200352 B US 99456031 A 19991203

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 98110902 P 19981204; US 99456031 A 19991203

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes
US 6564263 B1 32 G06F-007/00 Provisional application US 98110902
Abstract (Basic): US 6564263 B1

NOVELTY - A modality-fidelity dependency graph including a description scheme, is generated for each terminal node of multimedia content source after selecting target modalities and fidelities based on distribution analysis. An info pyramid representation of each modality and annotations for each object in multimedia content source are generated repeatedly until every terminal node is processed.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for multimedia content creation method.

USE - For describing **multimedia** content for web image search engine, satellite image retrieval system, Television(TV) news application.

ADVANTAGE - Describes effectively multiple modalities/multiple fidelities nature of multimedia content, spatial and temporal characteristics among multiple objects, and streams and aggregations of multimedia objects.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the block diagram illustrating description scheme for $\verb"multimedia"$ content description framework.

pp; 32 DwgNo 3/19

Title Terms: CONTENT; SOURCE; DESCRIBE; METHOD; TELEVISION; NEWS; APPLY; GENERATE; PYRAMID; REPRESENT; OBJECT; REPEAT; TERMINAL; NODE; PROCESS

Derwent Class: T01
International Patent Class (Main): G06F-007/00

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-015/00; G06F-015/16;

G06F-017/30

9/5/8 (Item 6 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

(C) 2004 Inomson Derwent. All its. lese

015357591 **Image available** WPI Acc No: 2003-418529/200339

XRPX Acc No: N03-333926

Multimedia data query method for application domain, involves transferring low level queries to low level having search engines which perform query of stored multimedia information using low level queries

Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC)
Inventor: CHANG Y; LI C; NATSEV A I; SMITH J R
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

. Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week US 20030041047 A1 20030227 US 2001925397 A 20010809 200339 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2001925397. A 20010809 Patent Details: Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes US 20030041047 A1 18 G06F-007/00

Abstract (Basic): US 20030041047 A1

NOVELTY - A high level concept describing data to be retrieved, is received from a user into an intermediate level. The high level concept is translated into low level queries by using system predefined high level concepts, in the intermediate level. The low level queries are transferred to a low level having one or more search engines that performs a query of the stored multimedia information using the low level queries.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for program storage device.

USE - For application domains.

ADVANTAGE - Enables high **level** querying of **multimedia** data by imposing arbitrary domain specific constraints among **multimedia** objects.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the overview of the multimedia data query method.

pp; 18 DwgNo 1/6

Title Terms: DATA; QUERY; METHOD; APPLY; DOMAIN; TRANSFER; LOW; LEVEL; QUERY; LOW; LEVEL; SEARCH; ENGINE; PERFORMANCE; QUERY; STORAGE; INFORMATION; LOW; LEVEL; QUERY

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-007/00

9/5/9 (Item 7 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

014821931 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2002-642637/200269
Related WPI Acc No: 2004-387423

XRPX Acc No: N02-507968

Data transmission control apparatus for environmental information gathering system, transmits prioritized physical parameter data to base station which provides progressive feedback corresponding to subsequent processing

Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC) Inventor: BERGMAN L D; CHANG Y; LI C; SMITH J R Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week US 20020099689 A1 20020725 US 2001263026 P 20010119 200269 B 20010119 US 2001263039 Ρ US 200247863 Α 20020116

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 200247863 A 20020116; US 2001263026 P 20010119; US 2001263039 P 20010119

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes
US 20020099689 A1 10 G06F-007/00 Provisional application US 2001263026

Provisional application US 2001263039

Abstract (Basic): US 20020099689 A1

NOVELTY - A progressive decision support module (204) directs a controller to obtain data defining physical parameters such as **sound**, temperature in an area of interest and assigns a transmission priority to the data. A transmitter (206) transmits a prioritized data to a base station (203) which provides progressive feedback to the decision module to adjust the priority corresponding to subsequent processing.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for data transmission control method.

USE - For transmission of physical parameter data such as $\,$ sound , temperature, moisture, light sensed using data gathering satellite, weather station environmental satellite in distributed environmental information gathering system, for detecting environmental hazards e.g. forest fire.

ADVANTAGE - Enables decision maker to highly utilize the physical parameters by combined optimization of progressive data representation and transmission. Enables suitable selection of the physical parameters which provide most useful information with reduced measurement errors, thereby increasing accuracy.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the flow diagram illustrating the operation of decision support system.

Base station (203)

Progressive decision support module (204)

Transmitter (206)

pp; 10 DwgNo 2/4

Title Terms: DATA; TRANSMISSION; CONTROL; APPARATUS; ENVIRONMENT; INFORMATION; GATHER; SYSTEM; TRANSMIT; PHYSICAL; PARAMETER; DATA; BASE; STATION; PROGRESS; FEEDBACK; CORRESPOND; SUBSEQUENT; PROCESS

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-007/00

```
9/5/11
            (Item 9 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
013269730
             **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2000-441636/200038
Related WPI Acc No: 2000-376696; 2000-430880; 2000-686540
XRPX Acc No: N00-329584
  Image description system used for generating description record from
  image information
Patent Assignee: AT & T (AMTT ); EASTMAN KODAK CO (EAST ); IBM CORP (IBMC
  ); UNIV COLUMBIA NEW YORK (UYCO )
Inventor: BENITEZ A; BERGMAN L D; CHANG S; HUANG Q; JUDICE C; LI C ; PAEK
  S; PURI A; SMITH J R
Number of Countries: 091 Number of Patents: 004
Patent Family:
Patent No
              Kind
                     Date
                             Applicat No
                                            Kind
                                                   Date
                                                            Week
WO 200028467
              A1 20000518 WO 99US26127
                                             Α
                                                 19991105
                                                           200038 B
AU 200012434
               Α
                   20000529
                             AU 200012434
                                             Α
                                                19991105
                                                           200041
              A1 20010822
                                                 19991105
                                                           200149
EP 1125245
                            EP 99971950
                                             Α
                             WO 99US26127
                                             Α
                                                 19991105
JP 2002529863 W
                   20020910 WO 99US26127
                                             Α
                                                 19991105
                                                           200274
                             JP 2000581582
                                             Α
                                                 19991105
Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 99118027 P 19990201; US 98107463 P
  19981106; US 99118020 P 19990201
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                         Main IPC
                                     Filing Notes
WO 200028467 A1 E 79 G06K-009/00
   Designated States (National): AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN
   CR CU CZ DE DK DM EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP
   KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE
   SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW
   Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR
   IE IT KE LS LU MC MW NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TZ UG ZW
                       G06K-009/00
                                     Based on patent WO 200028467
AU 200012434 A
                       G06K-009/00
                                     Based on patent WO 200028467
EP 1125245
             A1 E
   Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI
   LU MC NL PT SE
JP 2002529863 W
                    80 G06T-001/00
                                     Based on patent WO 200028467
Abstract (Basic): WO 200028467 A1
        NOVELTY - A computer processor generates a description record,
    including an image object description, image object hierarchy
    description, and an entity relation graph description, to represent
    content embedded within an image information. The computer processor is
    used to process the image information by performing an image object
    extraction processing to generate image object descriptions.
        DETAILED DESCRIPTION - The computer processor is used to process
    the generated image object descriptions by object hierarchy
    construction and extraction processing to generate image object
    hierarchy descriptions. The generated image object descriptions are
    processed by entity relation graph generation processing in order to
    generate entity relation graph descriptions. INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are
    also included for the following:
        (a) a method for generating a description record from image
    information;
        (b) and a computer readable media.
        USE - Used for generating description record from image
    information.
        ADVANTAGE - Obtains an extensible, scalable description system for
    image content which satisfies the requirements of a certain proposed
    media standard such as MPEG 7 standard. Obtains an efficient content
```

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the block diagram of the image description system.

pp; 79 DwgNo 2/8

Title Terms: IMAGE; DESCRIBE; SYSTEM; GENERATE; DESCRIBE; RECORD; IMAGE;

description scheme for generic multimedia information.

INFORMATION

Derwent Class: P85; T01; W02; W04

International Patent Class (Main): G06K-009/00; G06T-001/00

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-003/00; G06F-007/00; G06F-015/00; G06F-017/30; G06K-009/34; G06K-009/36; G06K-009/46;

G06K-009/56; G06K-009/60; G06T-007/00; G09C-005/00; H04N-005/92; H04N-007/12; H04N-007/24

File Segment: EPI; EngPI

```
Set
        Items
                Description
                AU=(CHANG Y? OR CHANG, Y?)
        14742
S1
        26571
                AU=(LI C? OR LI, C?)
S2
                AU=(NATSEV A? OR NATSEV, A?)
S3
           68
        37901
                AU=(SMITH J? OR SMITH, J?)
S4
                S1 AND S2 AND S3 AND S4
S5
               (S1 OR S2 OR S3 OR S4) AND (LEVEL? OR MULTIMEDIA? OR MULTI(-
S6
         9172
             )MEDIA? OR VIDEO? OR AUDIO? OR SOUND? OR MOVING()PICTURE?)
S7
         7119
                S6 AND (HIGHLEVEL? OR LOWLEVEL? OR MIDLEVEL? OR LEVEL?)
                S7 AND (DATABASE? OR SEARCHENGINE? OR SEARCH() ENGINE? OR D-
S8
          343
             ATA()(BASE? OR BANK?) OR DB OR OODB OR DBM)
                S8 AND (TRANSLAT? OR TRANSFORM? OR CONVERT? OR CONVERSION?)
S 9
           60
                S9 AND (QUERY OR QUERIES OR REQUEST? OR SEARCH? OR MATCHIN-
S10
           36
            G?)
           25
                S9 AND (CONCEPT? OR MODULE? OR TEMPLATE? OR CONSTRUCT?)
S11
                S10 OR S11 OR S5
           52
S12
S13
           46
                RD (unique items)
S14
           37
                S13 NOT PY>2001
File
       2:INSPEC 1969-2004/Dec W2
         (c) 2004 Institution of Electrical Engineers
       4:INSPEC 1983-2004/Dec W2
File
         (c) 2004 Institution of Electrical Engineers
File
       6:NTIS 1964-2004/Dec W4
         (c) 2004 NTIS, Intl Cpyrght All Rights Res
       8:Ei Compendex(R) 1970-2005/Dec W4
File
         (c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc.
      34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1990-2004/Dec W4
File
         (c) 2004 Inst for Sci Info
      35:Dissertation Abs Online 1861-2004/Dec
File
         (c) 2004 ProQuest Info&Learning
File
      65: Inside Conferences 1993-2004/Dec W4
         (c) 2004 BLDSC all rts. reserv.
File 636: Gale Group Newsletter DB (TM) 1987-2005/Jan 04
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 148:Gale Group Trade & Industry DB 1976-2004/Jan 03
         (c) 2004 The Gale Group
File 247:ONTAP(R) Gale Group Magazine Index(TM)
         (c) 1999 The Gale Group
File 674:Computer News Fulltext 1989-2004/Dec W2
         (c) 2004 IDG Communications
```

```
14/5/1
           (Item 1 from file: 2)
DIALOG(R)File
              2:INSPEC
(c) 2004 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.
         INSPEC Abstract Number: C2001-09-6160M-012
Title: Constrained querying of multimedia databases: issues and approaches
              Natsev, A.; Smith, J.R.; Chang, Y.; Li, C.; Vitter,
 Author(s):
J.S.
 Author Affiliation: Dept. of Comput. Sci., Duke Univ., Durham, NC, USA
 Journal: Proceedings of the SPIE - The International Society for Optical
Engineering Conference Title: Proc. SPIE - Int. Soc. Opt. Eng. (USA)
           p.74-85
vol.4315
  Publisher: SPIE-Int. Soc. Opt. Eng,
 Publication Date: 2001 Country of Publication: USA
 CODEN: PSISDG ISSN: 0277-786X
 SICI: 0277-786X(2001)4315L.74:CQMD;1-3
 Material Identity Number: C574-2001-111
 U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 0277-786X/2001/$15.00
 Conference Title: Storage and Retrieval for Media Databases 2001
 Conference Sponsor: SPIE; Soc. Imaging Sci. & Technol
                                       Conference Location: San Jose, CA,
 Conference Date: 24-26 Jan. 2001
                       Document Type: Conference Paper (PA); Journal Paper
 Language: English
(JP)
 Treatment: Practical (P); Theoretical (T)
 Abstract: This paper investigates the problem of high-level querying of
multimedia data by imposing arbitrary domain-specific constraints among
multimedia objects. We argue that the current structured query mode, and
     query-by-content model,
                                      insufficient
                                                     for many important
                                are
applications, and we propose an alternative query framework that unifies
and extends the previous two models. The proposed framework is based on the
querying-by-concept paradigm, where the query is expressed simply in terms
of concepts, regardless of the complexity of the underlying multimedia
search engines. The query-by-concept paradigm was previously illustrated by
the CAMEL system. The present paper builds upon and extends that work by
adding arbitrary constraints and multiple levels of hierarchy in the
concept representation model. We consider queries simply as descriptions of
virtual data set, and that allows us to use the same unifying concept
representation for query specification, as well as for data annotation
purposes. We also identify some key issues and challenges presented by the
new framework, and outline possible approaches for overcoming them. (34
Refs)
 Subfile: C
 Descriptors: constraint handling; content-based retrieval; image
retrieval; multimedia databases
 Identifiers: constrained querying; multimedia databases; domain-specific
constraints; querying-by-concept; CAMEL system; image retrieval; content
based retrieval; MPEG 7
 Class Codes: C6160M (Multimedia databases); C4250 (Database theory);
C7250R (Information retrieval techniques)
 Copyright 2001, IEE
```

14/5/2 (Item 2 from file: 2) DIALOG(R) File 2:INSPEC (c) 2004 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv. INSPEC Abstract Number: B9601-6140C-102, C9601-6160S-001 Title: Extracting multi-dimensional signal features for content-based visual query Author(s): Chang, S.-F.; Smith, J.R. Author Affiliation: Dept. of Electr. Eng., Columbia Univ., New York, NY, Journal: Proceedings of the SPIE - The International Society for Optical Engineering Conference Title: Proc. SPIE - Int. Soc. Opt. Eng. (USA) vol.2501, pt.2 p.995-1006 Publication Date: 1995 Country of Publication: USA CODEN: PSISDG ISSN: 0277-786X U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 0 8194 1858 7/95/\$6.00 Conference Title: Visual Communications and Image Processing '95 Conference Sponsor: SPIE; IEEE; Nat. Sci. Council; Minist. Educ Conference Date: 24-26 May 1995 Conference Location: Taipei, Taiwan Document Type: Conference Paper (PA); Journal Paper Language: English Treatment: Applications (A); Theoretical (T) Future large visual information systems (such as image servers) require effective and efficient methods databases and video for indexing, accessing, and manipulating images based on visual content. This paper focuses on automatic extraction of low- level visual features such as texture, color, and shape. Continuing our prior work in compressed video manipulation, we also propose the possibility of deriving visual features directly from the compressed domain, such as the DCT and wavelet domain. By stressing the low- level features, we hope to achieve generic techniques applicable to general applications. By exploring the compressed-domain content extractability, we hope to reduce the computational complexity. We also propose a quad-tree based data structure to bind various signal features. Integrated feature maps are proposed to improve the overall effectiveness of the feature-based image technical progress and system prototypes are also Current described. Part of the prototype work has been integrated into the multimedia /VOD testbed in the Advanced Image Laboratory of Columbia University. (35 Refs) Subfile: B C Descriptors: computational complexity; data compression; discrete cosine transforms; feature extraction; image colour analysis; image texture; quadtrees; query processing; visual databases; wavelet transforms Identifiers: multi-dimensional signal features; content-based visual query ; large visual information systems; image databases ; video servers; visual content; automatic extraction; low-level visual features; texture; color; shape; compressed video manipulation; DCT domain; wavelet transform domain; computational complexity; quad-tree based data structure; integrated feature maps; feature-based image query system; Columbia University Class Codes: B6140C (Optical information, image and video signal

Class Codes: B6140C (Optical information, image and video signal processing); C6160S (Spatial and pictorial databases); C1250 (Pattern recognition); C5260B (Computer vision and image processing techniques); C4250 (Database theory)

Copyright 1995, IEE

(Item 4 from file: 8) DIALOG(R) File 8:Ei Compendex(R) (c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv. E.I. No: EIP94011195880 03790635 Title: Interoperable query processing with multiple heterogeneous knowledge servers Author: Raschid, Louiqa; Chang, Yahui; Dorr, Bonnie J. Corporate Source: Univ of Maryland, MD, USA Conference Title: Proceedings of the 2nd International Conference on Information and Knowledge Management USA Location: Washington, DC, Conference Conference 19931101-19931105 Sponsor: ACM, SIGART; ACM, SIGIR; International Society of Computers and Applications E.I. Conference No.: 19822 Source: Proc 2 Int Conf Inf Knowl Manage 1993. Publ by ACM, New York, NY, USA. p 461-470 Publication Year: 1993 ISBN: 0-89791-626-3 Language: English Document Type: CA; (Conference Article) Treatment: A; (Applications); G ; (General Review) Journal Announcement: 9403W2 Abstract: This paper describes a technique for information mediation when multiple heterogeneous knowledge and data servers are to be accessed during query processing. One problem is building an intelligent interface between each knowledge server (KS) and its processor (KP); and the second is to provide interoperability among multiple KP/KS so that a query may be answered using information from multiple sources. We present example scenarios which highlight these problems and then outline query mapping and transformation techniques that are applicable. The techniques for solving the interoperability problems involve representations in some canonical form. This includes a canonical representation (CR) corresponding to each KP/KS pair and a merged CR (MCR) to represent the mapping among the CRs. The MCR and CRs include relevant information obtained from a source query , and heterogeneous mapping (het-map) information, for all possible mappings among the multiple servers. The knowledge in the canonical form must be represented so that it can be easily accessed during query transformation . We use an example of translating queries from an object schema to a relational schema to illustrate typical knowledge that must be represented in some canonical form. We use a high level logical language, F-logic, to represent the heterogeneous mapping (het-map) and transformation information as a set of declarative rules, in the canonical form. (Author abstract) Refs. Descriptors: *Data processing; Query languages; Knowledge based systems ; Information management; Data acquisition; Merging; Relational database systems; Encoding (symbols); Program processors; Program translators Identifiers: Query processing; Multiple heterogeneous knowledge servers ; Canonical representation; Information mediation Classification Codes: 723.2 (Data Processing); 723.3 (Database Systems); 723.4 (Artificial Intelligence); 912.2 (Management); 903.1 (Information Sources & Analysis) ; 723.1 (Computer Programming) 723 (Computer Software); 912 (Industrial Engineering & Management); 903 (Information Science)

72 (COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING); 91 (ENGINEERING MANAGEMENT); 90

(GENERAL ENGINEERING)

```
Items
                Description
     10004981
               SEARCH? OR QUERY OR QUERIES OR MATCH? OR SEEK? OR LOCATE? -
S1
            OR LOCATING
               S1(8N)(MULTIMEDIA? OR MULTI()MEDIA? OR MOVING()(PICTURE? OR
S2
       299366
             IMAGE?) OR MPEG? OR MPG? OR WAV OR VIDEO? OR AUDIO? OR SOUND-
             ?)
                (LOW OR HIGH) () LEVEL? OR HIGHLEVEL? OR LOWLEVEL?
       972100
S3
                TRANSLAT? OR TRANSFORM? OR REFORMAT? OR CONVERT? OR CONVER-
S4
      5054247
             SION? OR COMPILE?
                (MULTIPLE OR MULTIPLICITY OR PLURAL OR PLURALITY OR MANY OR
S5
       215843
              SEVERAL OR DIFFERENT?) (3N) (DATABASE? OR ENGINE? OR SEARCHENG-
             INE? OR DB OR RDB OR DATA()(BANK? OR BASE?))
                (LIBRAR? OR COLLECTION? OR GROUP? OR CLUSTER?) (3N) (MODULE?
       127430
S6
             OR CONSTRAINT? OR CONSTRUCT? OR TEMPLATE? OR CONCEPT?)
                (SAVE? OR CACHE? OR PRESERV? OR DATABASE? OR DATABANK? OR -
S7
             DB OR DATA()(BASE? OR BANK?))(3N)(QUERY OR QUERIES OR SEARCH(-
             ) (STRING? OR STATEMENT? OR STEP OR STEPS))
S8
           20
               S2(S)S3(S)S4
                S3(2N)S4(S)S2
S9
           0
S10
           0 S2(S)S3(S)S5(S)S6
           0 S2(S)S3(S)S5(S)S7
S11
           5 S2(S)S5(S)S6
S12
S13
          19 S2(S)S5(S)S7
           1
               S7(S)S6(S)S5
S14
          45
               S8 OR S12 OR S13 OR S14
S15
           30
                RD (unique items)
S16
           27
                S16 NOT PY>2001
S17
                S17 NOT PD>20010809
S18
          24
File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM) 1983-2005/Jan 05
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 47:Gale Group Magazine DB(TM) 1959-2005/Jan 04
         (c) 2005 The Gale group
    75:TGG Management Contents(R) 86-2004/Dec W1
         (c) 2004 The Gale Group
File 636: Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM) 1987-2005/Jan 05
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 16:Gale Group PROMT(R) 1990-2005/Jan 05
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 624:McGraw-Hill Publications 1985-2004/Dec 28
         (c) 2004 McGraw-Hill Co. Inc
File 484: Periodical Abs Plustext 1986-2004/Dec W4
         (c) 2004 ProQuest
File 613:PR Newswire 1999-2005/Jan 03
         (c) 2005 PR Newswire Association Inc
File 813:PR Newswire 1987-1999/Apr 30
         (c) 1999 PR Newswire Association Inc
File 141: Readers Guide 1983-2004/Sep
         (c) 2004 The HW Wilson Co
File 696:DIALOG Telecom. Newsletters 1995-2005/Jan 04
         (c) 2005 The Dialog Corp.
File 553: Wilson Bus. Abs. FullText 1982-2004/Sep
         (c) 2004 The HW Wilson Co
File 621:Gale Group New Prod.Annou.(R) 1985-2005/Jan 05
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 674: Computer News Fulltext 1989-2004/Dec W2
         (c) 2004 IDG Communications
File 88:Gale Group Business A.R.T.S. 1976-2005/Jan 03
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 369: New Scientist 1994-2005/Dec W4
         (c) 2005 Reed Business Information Ltd.
File 160:Gale Group PROMT(R) 1972-1989
         (c) 1999 The Gale Group
File 635:Business Dateline(R) 1985-2005/Jan 04
         (c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning
     15:ABI/Inform(R) 1971-2005/Jan 04
         (c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning
       9:Business & Industry(R) Jul/1994-2005/Jan 04
File
```

(c) 2005 The Gale Group

File 13:BAMP 2005/Dec W4

(c) 2005 The Gale Group

File 810:Business Wire 1986-1999/Feb 28

(c) 1999 Business Wire

File 610:Business Wire 1999-2005/Jan 05

(c) 2005 Business Wire.

File 647:CMP Computer Fulltext 1988-2005/Dec W3

(c) 2005 CMP Media, LLC

File 98:General Sci Abs/Full-Text 1984-2004/Sep

(c) 2004 The HW Wilson Co.

File 148:Gale Group Trade & Industry DB 1976-2005/Jan 05

(c) 2005 The Gale Group

File 634:San Jose Mercury Jun 1985-2004/Dec 31

(c) 2005 San Jose Mercury News

18/3,K/10 (Item 4 from file: 484)
DIALOG(R)File 484:Periodical Abs Plustext
(c) 2004 ProQuest. All rts. reserv.

03531160 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

Managing multimedia information in database systems

Grosky, William I

Communications of the ACM (GACM), v40 n12, p72-80, p.9

Dec 1997

ISSN: 0001-0782 JOURNAL CODE: GACM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Feature

LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext; Abstract

WORD COUNT: 4968

TEXT:

... launch the field of multimedia indexing. Multimedia indexing, in turn, started the ball rolling toward multimedia query optimization techniques.

A multimedia query was seen as quite different from a standard database query and closer to queries in an information-retrieval setting. The implications of this important concept...

18/3,K/13 (Item 2 from file: 88)
DIALOG(R)File 88:Gale Group Business A.R.T.S.
(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

04002025 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 18605647

Intelligent query answering by knowledge discovery techniques.

Han, Jiawei; Huang, Yue; Cercone, Nick; Fu, Yongjian

IEEE Transactions on Knowledge and Data Engineering, v8, n3, p373(18)

June, 1996

ISSN: 1041-4347 LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Abstract

AUTHOR ABSTRACT: Knowledge discovery facilitates querying database knowledge and intelligent query answering in database systems. In this paper, we investigate the application of discovered knowledge, concept hierarchies, and knowledge discovery tools for intelligent query answering in database systems. A knowledge-rich data model is constructed to incorporate discovered knowledge and knowledge discovery...

...query answering using discovered knowledge and/or knowledge discovery tools, which includes generalization, data summarization, concept clustering, rule discovery, query rewriting, deduction, lazy evaluation, application of multiple -layered databases, etc. Our study shows that knowledge discovery substantially broadens the spectrum of intelligent query answering...

...Terms - Database and knowledge-base systems, knowledge discovery in databases, knowledge-rich data model, intelligent query answering, multiple layered databases, query analysis and query processing.

Set	•
S1	9716 SEARCH? OR QUERY OR QUERIES OR MATCH? OR SEEK? OR LOCATE? -
~ 0	OR LOCATING
S2	240 S1(8N)(MULTIMEDIA? OR MULTI()MEDIA? OR MOVING()(PICTURE? OR
	<pre>IMAGE?) OR MPEG? OR MPG? OR WAV OR VIDEO? OR AUDIO? OR SOUND- ?)</pre>
s3	574 (LOW OR HIGH)()LEVEL? OR HIGHLEVEL? OR LOWLEVEL?
S4	5563 TRANSLAT? OR TRANSFORM? OR REFORMAT? OR CONVERT? OR CONVER-
54	SION? OR COMPILE?
S5	772 (MULTIPLE OR MULTIPLICITY OR PLURAL OR PLURALITY OR MANY OR
55	SEVERAL OR DIFFERENT?) (3N) (DATABASE? OR ENGINE? OR SEARCHENG-
	INE? OR DB OR RDB OR DATA()(BANK? OR BASE?))
S6	246 (LIBRAR? OR COLLECTION? OR GROUP? OR CLUSTER?) (3N) (MODULE?
	OR CONSTRAINT? OR CONSTRUCT? OR TEMPLATE? OR CONCEPT?)
\$ 7	167 (SAVE? OR CACHE? OR PRESERV? OR DATABASE? OR DATABANK? OR -
	DB OR DATA()(BASE? OR BANK?))(3N)(QUERY OR QUERIES OR SEARCH(-
)(STRING? OR STATEMENT? OR STEP OR STEPS))
S8·	O S2 AND S3 AND S4
S 9	34 S2 AND S4
S10	0 S9 AND S5
S11	1 · S9 AND S6
S12	0 S9 AND S7
S13	4 S2 AND S3
S14	5 S11 OR S13
S15	5 S14 NOT PY>2001
S16	3 S15 NOT PD>20010809
File	e 256:TecInfoSource 82-2004/Dec
	(c) 2004 Info.Sources Inc